



BP 103-T Pharmaceutics-I (Also Old Equivalence T.1.1.1) (711103)

P. Pages: 3

Time: Three Hours

Max. Marks: 75

Inci	tructions	+0	Can	dida	+00
1115	tructions	SIO	Can	lalaa	ies

- 1. Do not write anything on question paper except Seat No.
- 2. Graph or diagram should be drawn with the black ink pen being used for writing paper or black HB pencil.
- 3. Students should note, no supplement will be provided.
- 4. All questions are compulsory.
- 5. Draw neat & well labelled diagram wherever necessary.

1.	Multiple	choice	questions.
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- 1) Which of the following is type of synergism
 - a) Addition

b) Potentiation

c) Both a & b

- d) None of these
- 2) Mouth Wash is intended to Use for
 - a) Rinsing

b) Deodorant

c) Antiseptic

- d) All of these
- 3) Allergic Reaction to a drug also known as
 - a) Idiosyncrasy
- b) Tachyphylaxis
- c) Hypersensitivity
- d) All of these
- 4) Enemas are the preparation showing following category
 - a) Purgative

- b) Nutritive
- c) Anti Inflammatory
- d) All of these
- 5) Which of the following is not type of pharmaceutical incompatibility.
 - a) Physical

- b) Mechanical
- c) Therapeutical
- d) Chemical
- 6) What is the meaning of Latin term Mannequin
 - a) Night

b) Morning

c) Both a & b

- d) Evening
- 7) Which formula is used for calculation of doses of child
 - a) Young's formula
- b) Dilling formula
- c) Clark's formula
- d) All of the above
- 8) Emulsifying agent with higher Number indicates
 - a) Lipophilic properties
- b) Hydrophilic properties

c) Both a & b

d) None of these

Ş		The state of the s	uas	ig which is different from it's characterist		
		a) Tachyphylaxis c) Antagonism	b) d)			
1	0)	Choose monophasic liquid do	sage	form from following		
		a) Mouth wash	b)	Elixir		
			d)	All of above		
1	1) 3	Suppositories May inserted in				
		C) Nasal Cavity	b)	Vagina		
1			d)	All of the above		
- 14	2) C	Elixirs are type of liquida) Hydroglycerin		tion -		
	С	Hydro - alcohol	b) d)	Hydro-Ethyelen None of these		
13	Syrup is concentrated or nearly saturated solution of					
	c) Sociali chioride	b)	Sodium bicarbonate		
			d)	Sugar		
14) S	ubscription contains the				
	c)) Direction to physician) Direction to patient	b) d)	Direction to pharmacist All of these		
15) E	mulsifying agent Reduces	t	petween two phases		
	a)	Delisity	b)	Specific gravity		
	c)	10101011	d)	Viscosity.		
16) W	hich of the following is not ar	Iden	tification test for emulsion.		
	a) c)	Dilution test	b)	Conductivity test		
4 771			d)	Sedimentation test.		
17)	Se a)	econd edition of I. P published		ear		
	c)		b)	1966		
40)			d)	1996		
18)	a)	hich of the following enzyme Ligase	is pre	sent in acacia		
	c)	Amylase	b)	Glutamase		
10)		Mary and the Addition of the Control	d)	Peroxidase		
19)	sol		ing to	hemolysis is caused by which type of		
	a)	Hypertonic	b)	Isotonic		
	c)	Hypotonic	d)	Non tonic		
20)	Sus	spending agents are also kno	wn as	a A A ries (a		
	a) c)	I nickening agent	b)	Osmotic agent		
	0)	Surface active agents	d)	Preservatives		

2. Long answer Questions Attempt any two.

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- 1) Define & classify ointment. Explain in detail methods of preparation of ointment.
- 2) Define Posology. Explain factors affecting posology.
- Define pharmaceutical Incompatibility & Explain types of Incompatibilities with examples.
- 3. Short Answer Questions. Attempt any seven.

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- Explain evaluation parameters of suppositories.
- 2) Explain factors affecting dermal penetration of drugs
- 3) Discuss causes of cracking of Emulsion
- 4) Define powder & Explain different mixing methods of powders
- Write a short about "pharmacy as career" by giving scope of pharmacy.
- Write a short note on ear drops.
- 7) Explain handling of prescription.
- 8) Define Emulsion. Explain identification test for emulsion
- 9) Write in detail about solubility enhancement techniques
