



## **BP 106 RMT Remedial Mathematics** (711162)

P. Pages: 1

Time: One & Half Hour

Max. Marks: 35

Instructions to Candidates:

1. Do not write anything on question paper except Seat No.

- 2. Graph or diagram should be drawn with the black ink pen being used for writing paper or black HB pencil.
- 3. Students should note, no supplement will be provided.
- Simple non programmable calculator is allowed.
- 5. Log table is allowed.

1. Attempt any one of the following. 10

a) Verify Cayley-Hamilton theorem for the matrix.

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 2 \\ 0 & 2 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$
 Hence find  $A^{-1}$ .

Derivative of the product of two function, by using first principal.

Attempt any five of the following.

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- Resolve  $\frac{2x+3}{x^2-2x-3}$  into partial fraction.
- b) Simplify:  $7.\log \frac{16}{15} + 5.\log \frac{25}{24} + 3.\log \frac{81}{80}$
- Show that

$$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & c & b \\ c & 0 & a \\ b & a & 0 \end{vmatrix}^2 = \begin{vmatrix} b^2 + c^2 & ab & ac \\ ab & c^2 + a^2 & bc \\ ac & bc & a^2 + b^2 \end{vmatrix}$$

- d) If  $y = A.\cos nx + B.\sin nx$ . Show that  $y_2 + n^2 y = 0$ .
- e) Find two positive number's x and y such that, x + y = 60 and  $xy^3$  is minimum.
- Evaluate the following integral,  $\int \left(x + \frac{1}{x}\right)^2 dx$
- Find the Laplace transform of cosh at cos at.